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20. desember 1993

YFIRLÝSING EVRÓPUBANDALAGSINS

Evrópubandalagið telur að yfirlýsing ríkisstjórnar Austurríkis um öryggisráðstafanir hafi ekki áhrif á réttindi og skyldur samningsaðila samkvæmt samningnum.

YFIRLÝSING RÍKISSTJÓRNAR ÍSLANDS UM BEITINGU ÖRYGGISRÁÐSTAFANA SAMKVÆMT EES-SAMNINGNUM

Vegna einhæfs atvinnulífs og fámennis lýsír Ísland þeirri túlkun sinni að það geti í samræmi við skyldur sínar samkvæmt samningnum gripið til öryggisráðstafana ef af framkvæmd samningsins leiðir einkum:

- alvarlega röskun jafnvægis á vinnumarkaði vegna meiri háttar flutninga starfsfólks sem beinast að sérstökum svæðum, störfum eða atvinnugreinum; eða
- alvarlega röskun jafnvægis á fasteignamarkaði.

YFIRLÝSING RÍKISSTJÓRNAR SVISS UM ÖRYGGISRÁÐSTAFANIR

Sviss lýsir þeim skilningi sínum að vegna sérstæðra landfræðilegra og lýðfræðilegra aðstæðna geti það gert ráðstafanir til að takmarka fjölda innflytjenda írá ríkjum Evrópska efnahagssvæðisins komi til misvægis af lýðfræðilegum, félagslegum eða vistfræðilegum toga vegna búferlaflutninga ríkisborgara EES.

YFIRLÝSING EVRÓPUBANDALAGSINS

Evrópubandalagið telur að yfirlýsing ríkisstjórnar Sviss um öryggisráðstafanir hafi ekki áhrif á réttindi og skyldur samningsaðila samkvæmt samningnum.

DECLARATION

BY THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE EFTA STATES ON FREE CIRULATION OF LIGHT DUTY COMMERICAL VEHICLES

The free circulation, as defined in Annex II on technical regulations, standards, testing and certification, Part I (Motor vehicles), of light duty commercial vehicles from 1 January 1995 is accepted by the EFTA States on the understanding that new legislation will be applicable, by that date, in line with the other vehicle categories.

DECLARATION

BY THE GOVERNMENT OF LIECHTENSTEIN ON PRODUCT LIABILITY

The Government of the Principality of Liechtenstein, with regard to Article 14 of Council Directive 85/374/EEC, declares that the Principality of Liechtenstein shall by the entry into force of this Agreement have introduced, to the extent necessary, legislation on nuclear accident protection equivalent to that afforded by international conventions:

DECLARATION

BY THE GOVERNMENT OF LIECHTENSTEIN ON THE SPECIFIC SITUATION OF THE COUNTRY

The Government of the Principality of Liechtenstein,

Referring to paragraph 18 of the Joint Declaration of 14 May 1991 from the Ministerial meeting between the European Community, its Member States and the Countries of the European Free Trade Association;

Reaffirming the duty to ensure compliance with all provisions of the EEA Agreement and to apply them in good faith;

Expects that due regard will be paid under the EEA Agreement to the specific geographical situation of Liechtenstein;

Considers that a situation justifying the taking of the measures referred to in Article 112 of the EEA Agreement shall in particular be considered to exist if capital inflows from another Contracting Party are liable to endanger the access of the resident population to real estate, or in the case of an extraordinary increase in the number of nationals from the

EC Member States or the other EFTA States, or in the total number of jobs in the economy, both in comparison with the number of the resident population.

DECLARATION

BY THE GOVERNMENT OF AUSTRIA ON SAFEGUARDS

Austria declares that due to the specific geographical situation, the available settlement area (particularly the land available for housing construction) is scarce above average in parts of Austria. Accordingly, disturbances on the real-estate market could eventually lead to serious economic, societal or environmental difficulties of a regional nature within the meaning of the safeguard clause contained in Article 112 of the EEA Agreement and require measures under this Article.

DECLARATION

BY THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

The European Community considers that the declaration by the Government of Austria on safeguards shall be without prejudice to the rights and obligations of the Contracting Parties under the Agreement.

DECLARATION

BY THE GOVERNMENT OF ICELAND ON THE USE OF SAFEGUARD MEASURES UNDER THE EEA AGREEMENT

Due to the one-sided nature of its economy and the fact that its territory is sparsely populated, Iceland states its understanding that, without prejudice to the obligations arising under the Agreement, it may take safeguard measures if the application of the Agreement is to cause in particular:

- serious disturbances on the labour market through large-scale movements of labour into certain geographical areas, particular types o jobs, or branches of industry; or
- serious disturbances in the real-estate market.